

# KAWERAU DISTRICT COUNCIL General Bylaw: Public Places 2013 (2019 Amendment)

#### **Kawerau District Council**

General Bylaw: Public Places (2013) (2019 Amendment)

## **Explanatory Statement**

The General Bylaw: Public Places (2013) is one part of the Kawerau District Council General Bylaw. General bylaws, by their nature, address a diverse range of matters. This part provides measures to control activities in public places that may cause damage to those places or adverse effects to users.

The bylaw is made pursuant to Part 8 of the Local Government Act 2002.

Provisions relating to freedom camping were superseded when Council made the Freedom Camping Bylaw (2019) and later removed from the Bylaw.

1	Title	1
2	Commencement	1
3	Repeal	1
4	Application of Bylaw	1
5	Scope	1
6	Definitions	2
7	Public safety and nuisances	2
8	Obstructing public places	3
9	Damage to public places	4
10	Placing of articles on, and damage to public places	5
11	Pedestrian malls	5
12	Exposing articles for sale	5
13	Vehicle crossings	5
14	Assembly	6
15	Awnings and blinds	6
16	Projections on public places not allowed	6
17	Restrictions on use of barbed wire and electrified fences	7
18	Road and building identification	7
19	Animals and stock on public places	8
20	Overhanging vegetation liable to obstruct	8
21	Additional requirements for reserves	9
Revo	cations and changes	
SCHEDULE – PEDESTRIAN MALLS11		

# Kawerau District Council General Bylaw Part: Public Places (2013)(2019 Amendment)

#### 1 Title

This part of the Kawerau District Council General Bylaw shall be known as the General Bylaw: Public Places (2013)(2019 Amendment)

#### 2 Commencement

This part of the Bylaw shall come into force on the 1st day of June 2013.

#### 3 Repeal

As from the day this part of the Bylaw comes into force, the General Bylaw Part 2: Public Places (2009) and any amendments in force in the Kawerau District shall be repealed.

### 4 Application of Bylaw

This part of the Bylaw shall apply to the Kawerau District.

#### 5 Scope

The Local Government Act 2002 gives authority to Council to adopt bylaws to regulate activities which can be carried out on roads, reserves and other public places. This part of the Bylaw controls a diverse range of activities to ensure that acceptable standards of convenience, safety, visual amenity and civic values are maintained for the wellbeing and enjoyment of visitors as well as residents and businesses within the District. It addresses activities within public places which may have adverse effects on users of those places and in particular, nuisance, damage, or obstruction to roads, grass berms and verges, garden areas or reserves.

Section 146 of the Local Government Act 2002 and other relevant Acts such as the Reserves Act 1977, Health Act 1956, and Litter Act 1979 outline some of the powers and requirements of Council in regard to roads, reserves and other public places. Areas of control so prescribed by that legislation are not necessarily repeated within this bylaw and therefore the relevant sections of the legislation should be read in conjunction with it.

#### 6 Definitions

The definitions in the General Bylaw Part 1: Introductory shall apply to this part of the Bylaw.

For the purposes of this part the following definitions shall also apply:

MATERIAL or THING

Any material of whatever kind and includes jumbo bins and other containers for waste material, but excludes vehicles.

MIND ALTERING SUBSTANCE

Any substance whether synthetic or naturally occurring, which is used to alter consciousness, mood or emotions, or to intoxicate or induce pleasurable sensations. It does not include:

- (a) Medically prescribed substances ingested by the person for whom they were prescribed
- (b) Substances purchased from a pharmacy without a medical prescription
- (c) Nicotine
- (d) Alcohol as defined in the Sale of Liquor Act 1989 or its amendments.

RIDE A SKATEBOARD

Having either one or both feet, or any other part of the body of any person, on the skateboard when it is moving.

**SKATEBOARD** 

A wheeled device controlled or propelled by gravity or by the muscular energy of the rider. The definition includes roller skates, roller blades, scooters and similar recreational devices. The definition does not include any wheelchair, mobility scooter, baby or invalid carriage or bicycle.

## 7 Public safety and nuisances

- 7.1 Except with approval, a person shall not on any public place:
  - (a) Place or leave litter or any materials or things or substances which are likely to be hazardous or injurious to any person, or likely to create a nuisance.

- (b) Deposit any household or trade refuse in or around a public litter receptacle.
- (c) Interfere with any refuse which is awaiting collection by an authorised collector.
- (d) Drive any vehicle on an area not set aside for the purpose, or drive in a manner that is dangerous or inconsiderate to pedestrians or other vehicles in the public place.
- (e) Cause or allow any material or thing to be deposited onto a road or other public place.
- (f) Leave any work, hole or excavation in a public place in a condition or state that could be a danger to anyone entering or using that public place.
- (g) Solicit any subscription, collection or donation, preach or undertake any busking.
- (h) Distribute any printed or written material advertising any product, service or entertainment.
- (i) Fly from, or land any aeroplane including model aeroplane or drone, helicopter, hot air balloon or hang glider, parachute or similar, except in an emergency.
- (j) Use any mind-altering substance or offer or sell such substance to any person.
- (k) Play any game or use any object or device including a skateboard or bicycle, recklessly or in a manner which may intimidate, be dangerous or injurious or cause a nuisance to persons in the public place, or damage the public place.
- (I) Erect or place any structure on, over, or under the public place except in compliance with any part of this Bylaw.
- 7.2 Where any fence, wall, retaining wall or other structure or material on land adjacent to a public place is in a condition or state which in the opinion of Council could cause damage or injury to any person passing, Council may give notice requiring the owner or occupier to repair or remove the structure or material or otherwise make the land safe.
- 7.3 Notwithstanding the requirements of any other clause of this part of the Bylaw, a person shall not light any fire in any public place except at fireplaces specially provided, or in an appliance designed for outdoor cooking, subject to any restriction imposed by Council on the lighting of fires.

### 8 Obstructing public places

A person shall not:

(a) Obstruct the entrances to or exits from a public place.

- (b) Place or leave any material or thing, including signage, on a public place that could obstruct the public right of passage, without approval.
- (c) Allow any gate or door on property adjoining any public place, to swing over or across the public place or any part thereof.
- (d) Carry out any work on any motor vehicle in a public place, except in the case of any accident or emergency when repairs are necessary to allow the vehicle to be removed.
- (e) Ride a skateboard, bicycle or scooter on any footpath, without consideration for other persons using the footpath.

## 9 Damage to public places

- 9.1 Except with approval, a person shall not in any public place:
  - (a) Damage, interfere with, destroy or remove any grass plot, flower bed, tree, shrub or plant or any related inscription or label.
  - (b) Pollute, damage, deface or disfigure, apply graffiti, posters or advertising devices to, or interfere with any sign, display board, ornament, statue, building, structure, or facility.
    - Nothing in this sub-clause shall prevent Council from supplying or approving the installation of display boards in any public place for the purpose of allowing posters to be displayed announcing forthcoming functions or events.
  - (c) Cause or permit to be done any damage to any public place, or any work or thing in, on, over or under the public place.
  - (d) Damage or interfere with any natural feature, animal or plant.
  - (e) Remove any sand, soil or other naturally occurring material found in a public place.
  - (f) Open any drain or sewer on, or disturb or remove the surface of, any public place.
  - (g) Drive or park any motor vehicle, or ride or lead any animal in a public place except in an area set aside for the purpose.
  - (h) Use any vehicle or be in control of any animal in any manner so that it damages any part of a public place.
  - (i) Ride a skateboard, bicycle or scooter on any footpath, without due care to ensure no damage is caused to any property.

9.2 Any person carrying out authorised works on a public place shall reinstate the affected area to a standard approved by Council.

## 10 Placing of articles on, and damage to public places

- 10.1 A person shall not without approval place or leave, or cause or permit to be placed or left, any material or thing, including signage, amusement device or article for sale or hire, on any public place unless:
  - (a) Such action is taken for the purpose of regular refuse or other collections authorised by Council or is otherwise authorised by law; or
  - (b) Such action is permitted pursuant to any other part of this Bylaw.
- 10.2 A person shall not do, cause or allow to be done, any act which damages any public place, or any work or thing in, on, over or under the public place.
- 10.3 A person shall not cause, permit or allow wastage of water or cause any water tap to flow for a longer period than is reasonably required for the legitimate use of that water in that public place.

#### 11 Pedestrian malls

- 11.1 No person shall ride any skateboard, bicycle or scooter in a designated pedestrian mall as specified in the Schedule of this part of the Bylaw.
- 11.2 No person shall drive or park any motor vehicle in a designated pedestrian mall except where the vehicle is an emergency vehicle, a service vehicle unable to otherwise gain reasonable access to a premise, or where approval has been granted for a special event.

## 12 Exposing articles for sale

Except as provided for by any other part of this Bylaw, no person shall expose for sale any article on any footpath, or outside of any shop, shop window, or doorway adjoining any public place, so as to encroach on, or over that public place, without approval.

#### 13 Vehicle crossings

- 13.1 Any person wishing to construct, repair, remove or widen any vehicle crossing shall first obtain a permit from Council.
- 13.2 A permit issued by Council under 14.1 may be subject to such conditions concerning dimensions and materials as Council may consider reasonably necessary to protect the road (including any footpath or berm) adjacent to the vehicle crossing and to ensure safe and convenient use of the road by pedestrians and vehicles.

- 13.3 No person shall drive, ride, propel, or wheel any motor vehicle across any footpath or water channel in any public place otherwise than upon a crossing properly constructed under the provisions of this Bylaw.
- 13.4 If, in the opinion of Council, any crossing is in a poor or unsafe condition or state it may, by notice, require the owner of the land to which the crossing provides access, to repair, reconstruct, or renew such crossing to the satisfaction of Council. Every such owner or occupier who fails to comply with any such notice within the period specified shall commit an offence against this part of this Bylaw.
- 13.5 Where Council is satisfied that any vehicle crossing is redundant, or is in excess of the reasonable requirements of the users of the private property served by the crossing, Council may give the owner written notice of its intention to remove the vehicle crossing at Council's expense. Council may remove the crossing after a period of 14 days from service of the notice has expired, subject to the resolution of any request from the owner to review the decision.

## 14 Assembly

A person shall not, without approval:

- (a) Participate in any assembly, or associate with other persons in a public place in such a way as to impede pedestrian or vehicle traffic or to prevent or hinder ready access to shops or premises facing onto the public place.
- (b) Organise or conduct any meeting, gathering, demonstration, parade, procession or competition in a public place.

## 15 Awnings and blinds

No person shall erect or maintain, or cause to be erected or maintained, any awning over any public place, or hang any awning, blind, or screen from any portico on any public place except with approval. Any such approval may be revoked at any time.

## 16 Projections on public places not allowed

16.1 Except where allowed by any other part of this Bylaw, or by approval, no person shall put any portico, projecting window, balcony, wall, lamp, door step, cellar door, lamp post, signboard, window shutter, gate post, or other obstruction or projection of any kind in, on, over or under a public place, or in such a position as to interfere with, or obstruct in any way, the free passage of pedestrians or traffic on any public place.

This restriction shall not apply to any verandah or awning erected pursuant to a requirement of a District Plan.

16.2 If any projection or obstruction was placed against, or in front of any building before the coming into operation of this Bylaw, and is contrary to any bylaw in force, Council may give notice to the owner or occupier of such building to remove, or to alter such projection or obstruction and the owner or occupier shall comply with the requirements of the notice.

16.3 No person shall stand on any verandah erected over a public place except for the purpose of inspection, maintenance or egress in the case of fire.

#### 17 Restrictions on use of barbed wire and electrified fences

#### 17.1 Except with approval:

No person shall erect, or permit to be erected, any electrified fencing or barbed wire along, or within one metre of any boundary line between any land or building on the one side and any public place on the other side.

Provided that this sub-clause shall not prohibit the placing of such barbed wire at a height of not less than two metres or electrified fencing not less than three metres from the level of the ground of any such public place.

17.2 Sub-clause 17.1 shall not apply within any area which has a predominantly rural character under the District Plan prepared by Council, except when the fence is adjacent to a footpath, providing that Council may from time to time by resolution specify conditions that will apply to temporary electric fences.

#### 18 Road and building identification

- 18.1 Council shall have the exclusive right to cause to be painted or affixed on a conspicuous part of a building, the name of the road, private road or public place to which it has frontage.
- 18.2 Notwithstanding that a building or property is identified by other means, the owner or occupier of every building or group of buildings forming part of a complex or of the property shall mark such building or complex with numbers.
- 18.3 Numbers required by 18.2 shall be no less than 50mm in height for residential buildings. All other buildings shall be required to have a number of not less than 150mm in height on display at the service entrance, and, where the service entrance is at the rear of the building, a second number of not less than 50mm in height at the front of the building.
- 18.4 Numbers required by 18.2 shall be as allocated or approved by Council and displayed in a position so as to be readily visible from the road and/or service lane from which the building is accessed.
- 18.5 Numbers required by 18.2 shall be maintained by the owner or occupier in such a manner as to readily identify the property at all times.
- 18.6 Council shall have the power at any time to alter the number of any building where in Council's opinion it may be necessary or advisable to do so.

#### 19 Animals and stock on public places

- 19.1 No person shall take or allow any animal or stock under his/her care or control onto any public place, unless Council has by resolution, public notice or appropriate delegated authority, allowed entry of that type of animal to that public place.
- 19.2 Any person having control of stock on any public place shall ensure that the stock is kept under proper control, with consideration for other persons using the public place.
- 19.3 No person shall drive any stock on any road during the period between half an hour after sunset and half an hour before sunrise unless sufficient warning is provided and maintained by such person by the use of lights or other effective devices or means to ensure that other persons using such road shall have adequate notice of the presence of such animals on the road.

#### 19.4 No person shall:

- (a) Permit stock to be driven across or along any public place unless an alternative route is not reasonably available.
- (b) Graze stock in any public place without approval.
- 19.5 Any person having control of stock in any public place shall ensure that the stock is driven in such a manner and by such points of access to an exit from the road, as to ensure that no damage is caused to the public place.
- 19.6 Council may, from time to time, by resolution, publicly notified, declare certain roads to be stock routes and prohibit or restrict the use of any other roads, public places or urban areas for the driving of stock. Any such declaration, prohibition or restriction may from time to time in like manner be altered or revoked. This requirement shall not apply to any person who rides or leads a horse under proper control on a road.
- 19.7 Any person being the owner of, or having control of any horse in a public place shall immediately remove any matter deposited by that horse on that place.
- 19.8 Any person having control of any stock being driven on any public place shall ensure that any matter deposited upon the public place by such stock is removed and disposed of in an appropriate manner.

## 20 Overhanging vegetation liable to obstruct

No person shall permit or allow vegetation to encroach onto, or over any public place, so as to obstruct or interfere with the free movement of persons using that public place.

### 21 Additional requirements for reserves

- 21.1 No person shall enter or leave a reserve except through the entrances and exits approved for the purpose.
- 21.2 Subject to the provisions of this part of this Bylaw, entry to every reserve shall be open at all times, except during such hours as Council may determine entry to that reserve shall be closed.
- 21.3 Council may temporarily close or restrict entry to, or vary the opening hours of, all or any part of any reserve at such times as are considered necessary to prevent damage to, or allow maintenance of that reserve or part of the reserve to be undertaken. Such closure shall be advertised by signs at the entrances to the reserve.
- 21.4 Council may from time to time, and for such periods as it thinks fit, set aside all or any part of any reserve for the exclusive use of any group and/or the conduct of any particular recreational activity. Council may charge for the right to have exclusive use of a reserve.
- 21.5 Council may fix charges for the entry to a reserve in accordance with the Reserves Act 1977 and it shall be an offence against this part of the Bylaw to enter a reserve without having paid the proper charge for entry, if a charge is payable.
- 21.6 Every person committing a breach of the provisions of this clause of the Bylaw shall, upon request by Council, immediately leave the reserve and shall be prohibited from returning to the reserve for such period as Council deems fit. Any person so ordered to leave shall still be liable to be prosecuted for the breach of the Bylaw and any person failing to leave with reasonable speed, to comply with a request to leave, shall commit a further offence.

## **Revocations and changes**

The Kawerau District Council General Bylaw Part 2: Public Places (2009) is hereby revoked.

The Kawerau District Council General Bylaw Part 2: Public Places (2013) was duly made by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Kawerau District Council held on 28 May 2013 following a special consultative procedure.

In June 2016, a minor change was made in accordance with section 156(2) of the Local Government Act 2002.

In September 2019, the provisions relating to freedom camping were superseded by the Freedom Camping Bylaw (2019) and were removed from the Bylaw.

The Common Seal of the Kawerau District Council was affixed hereto in the presence of:
Mayor
Chief Executive Officer
Date Z:\2019\01\COUNCIL BYLAWS\19.12.11 General Bylaw - Public Places (2013) 2019 UPDATE.docx

# **SCHEDULE – PEDESTRIAN MALLS**

The following areas are designated pedestrian malls:

- Ranfurly Court
- Jellicoe Court